

Målkonflikter i norsk fiskeripolitikk

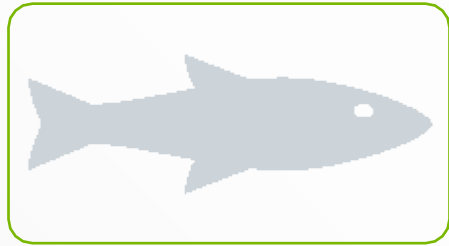
OSLO, 27.04.22



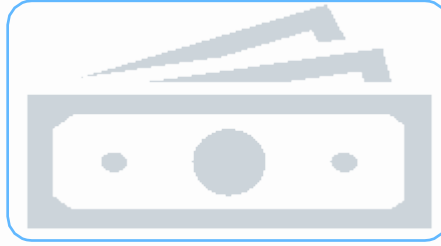
Bent Dreyer



Fiskeripolitiske mål



Bærekraftig
ressurs-
utnyttelse



Verdiskaping
og
lønnsomhet

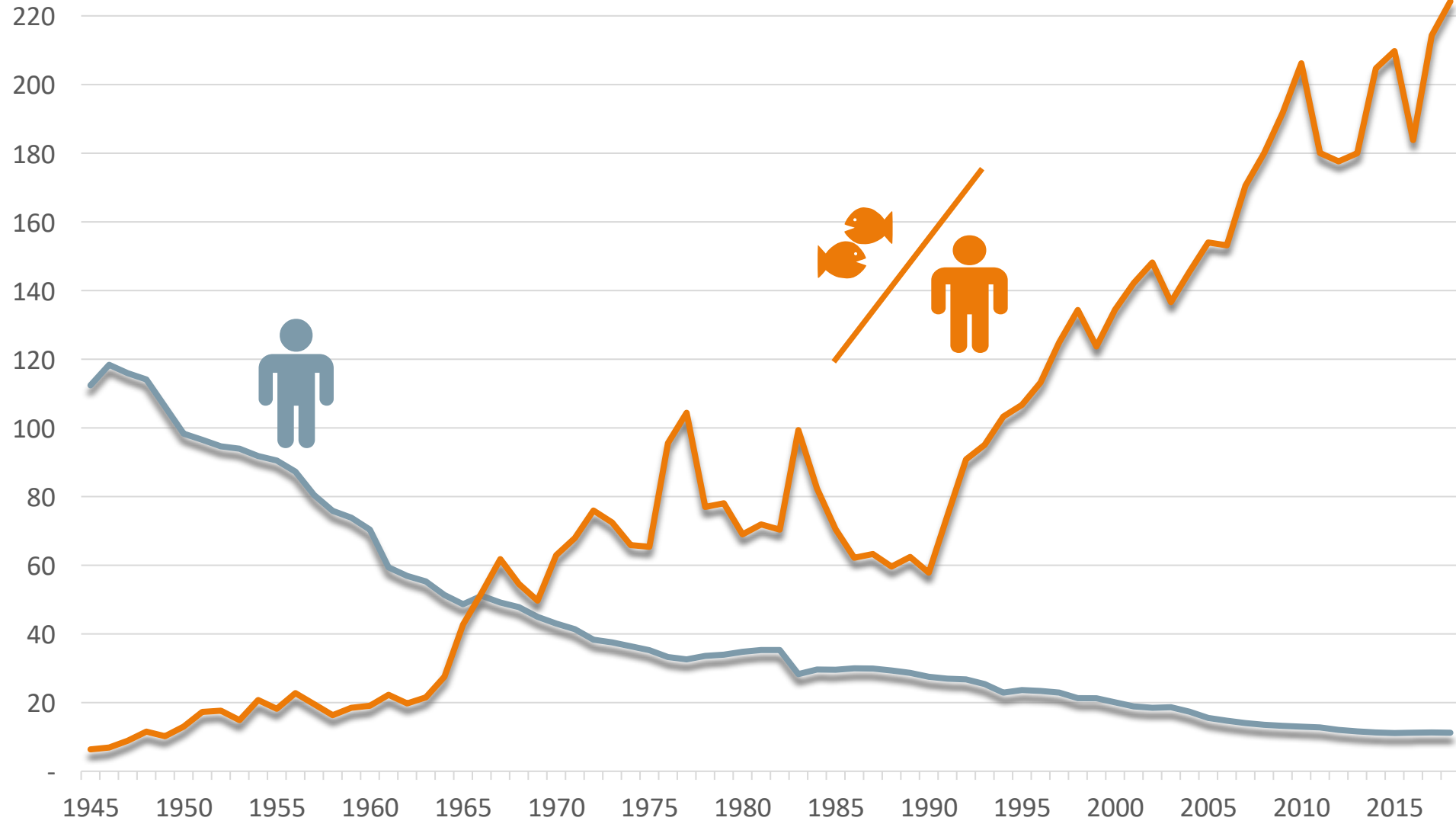


Bosetning
og
sysselsetting



Lovverk	Hensikt
Havressursloven	Kvotefordeling
Fiskesalgslagsloven	Førstehåndsmarkedet
Deltakerloven	Vertikal koordinering
Fangstreguleringer	Regulere fangstmønsteret
Avgiftsregime	Redusere drivstofforbruk

Antall fisk



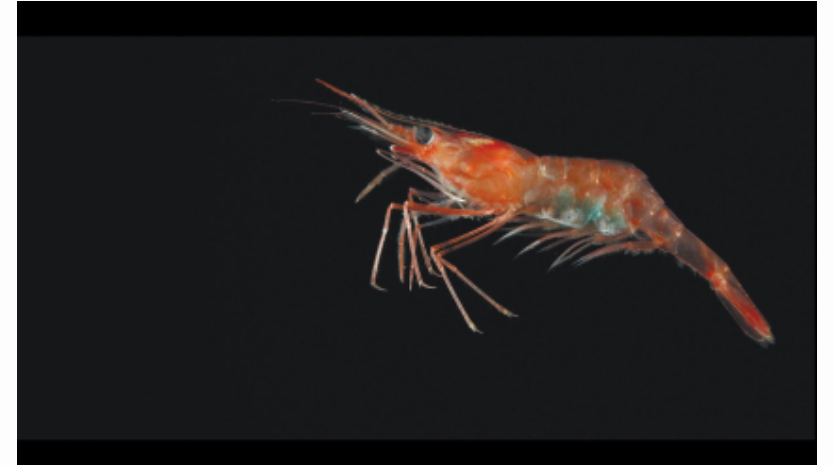
Drivstoff til båten

Fôr til fisken

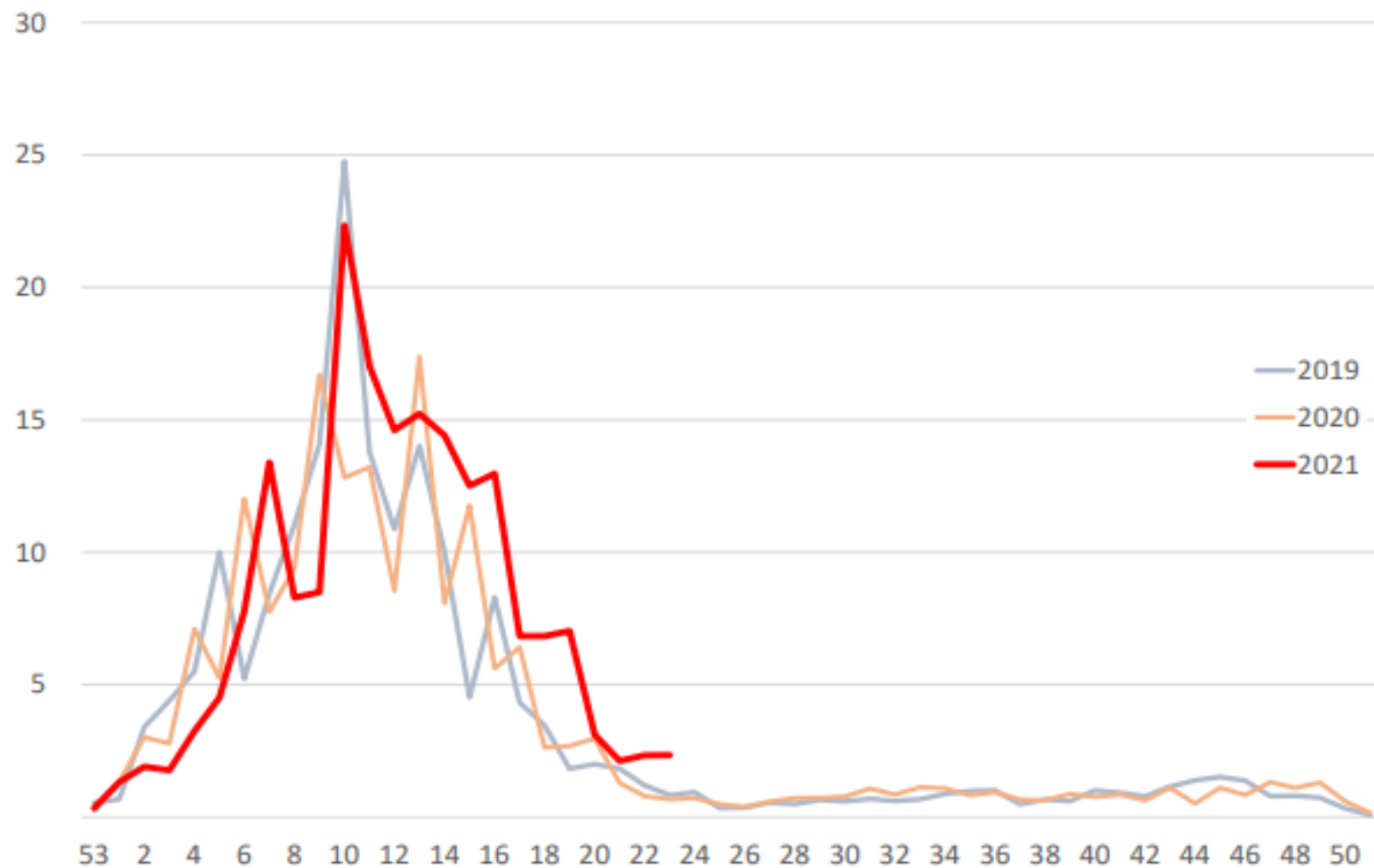
Flyvefisken

Verdi pr liter drivstoff

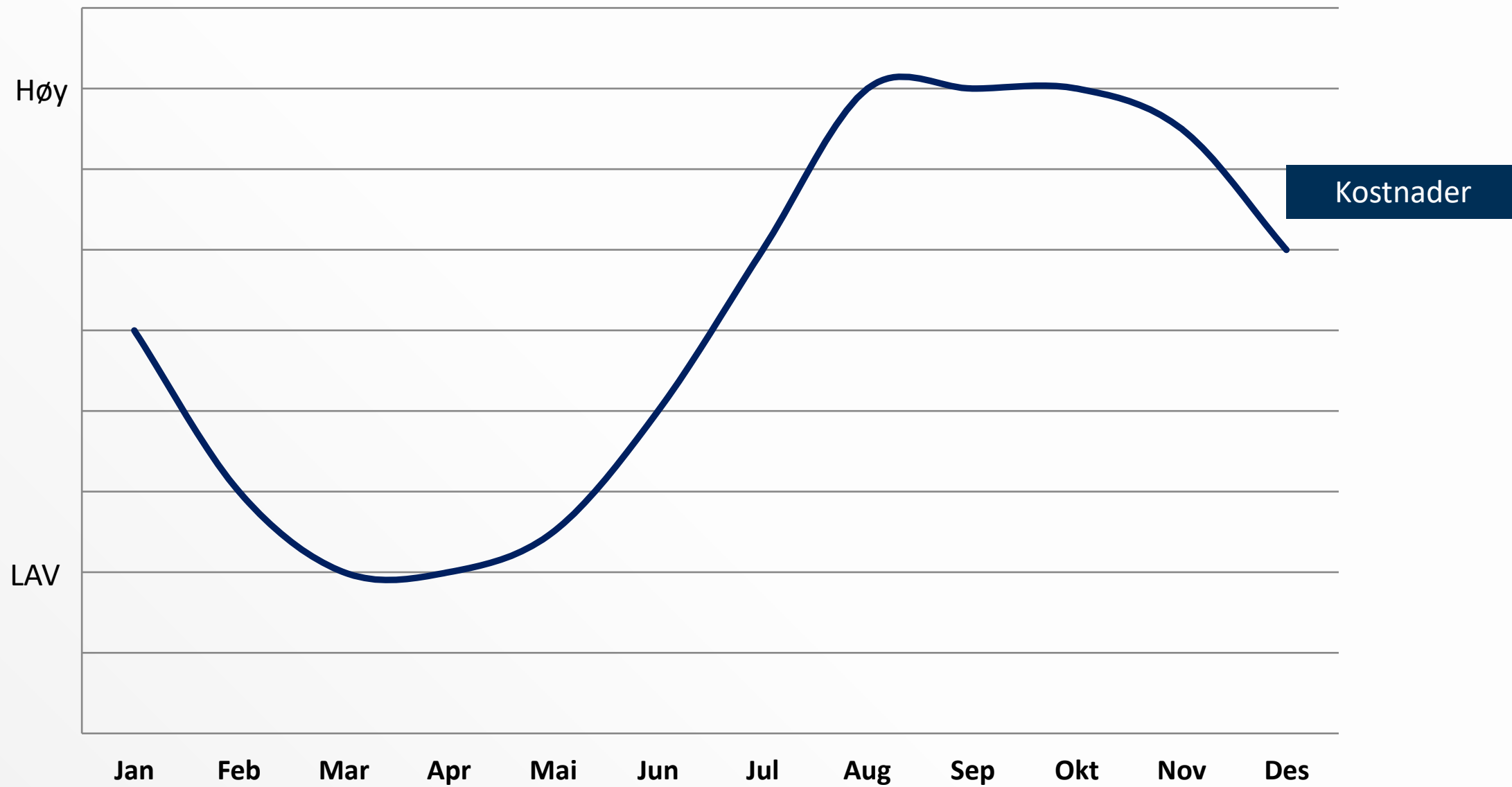
Fiskerier blir ulønnsomme

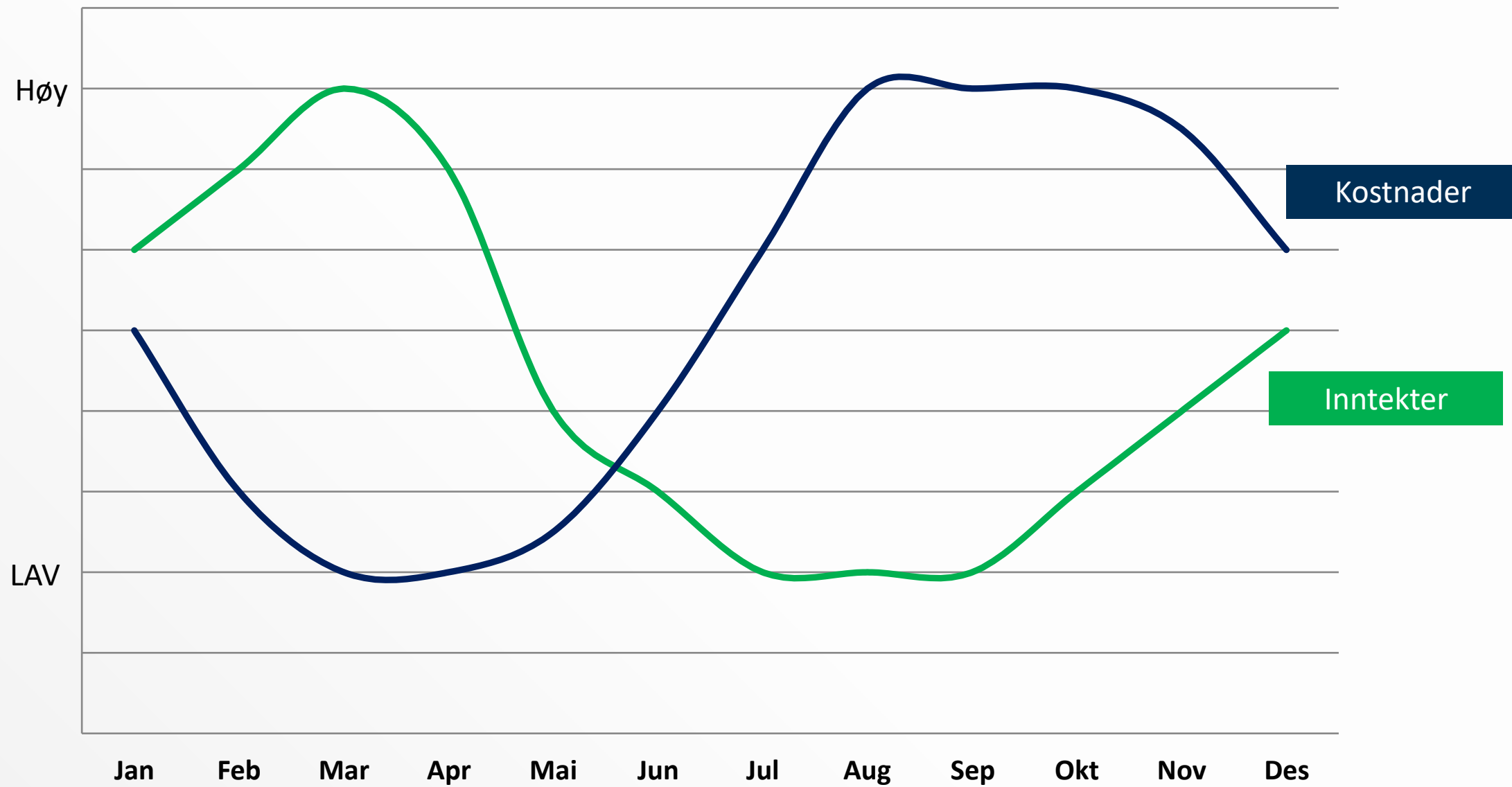


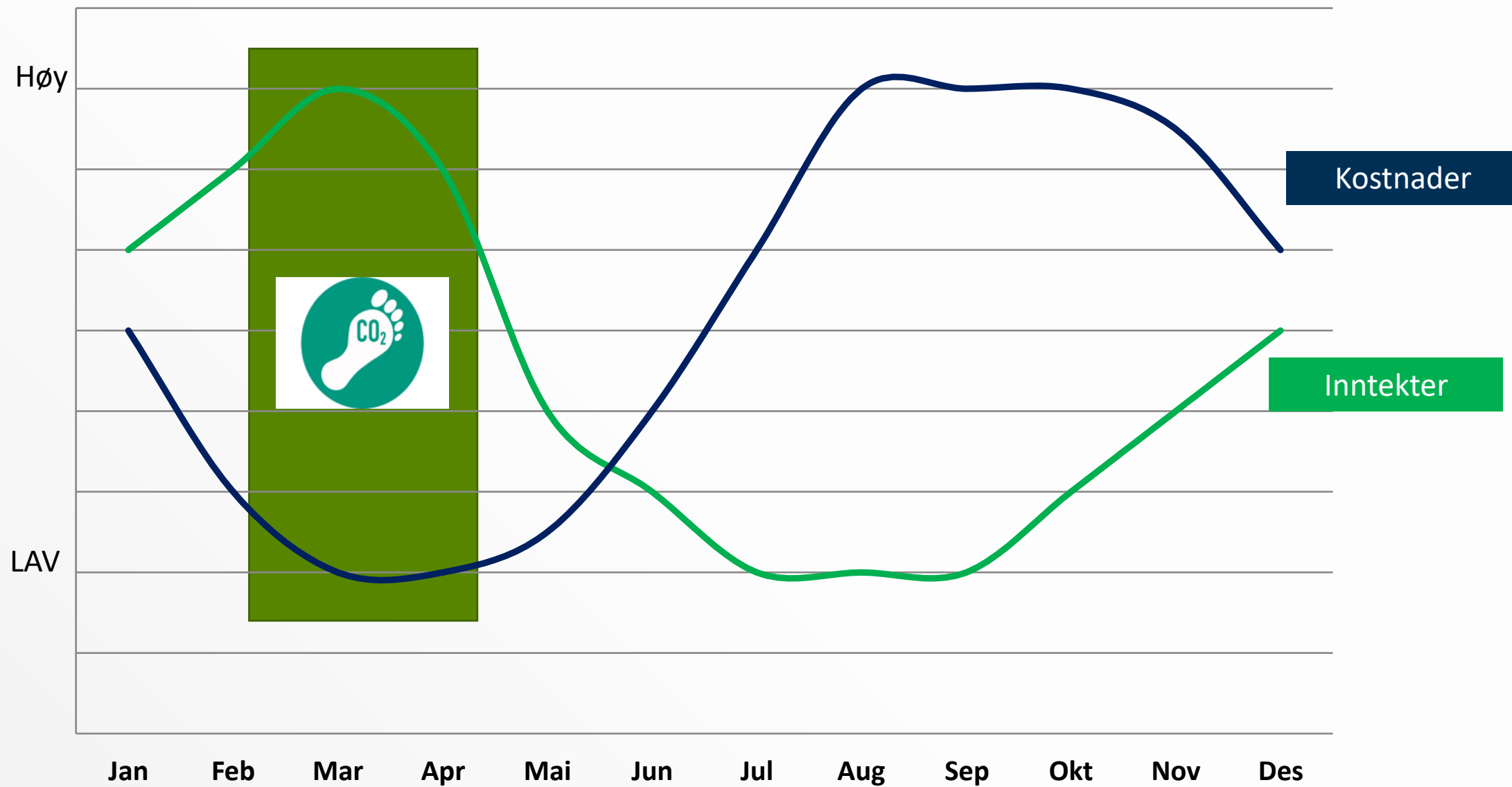
Sesongtoppene forsterkes

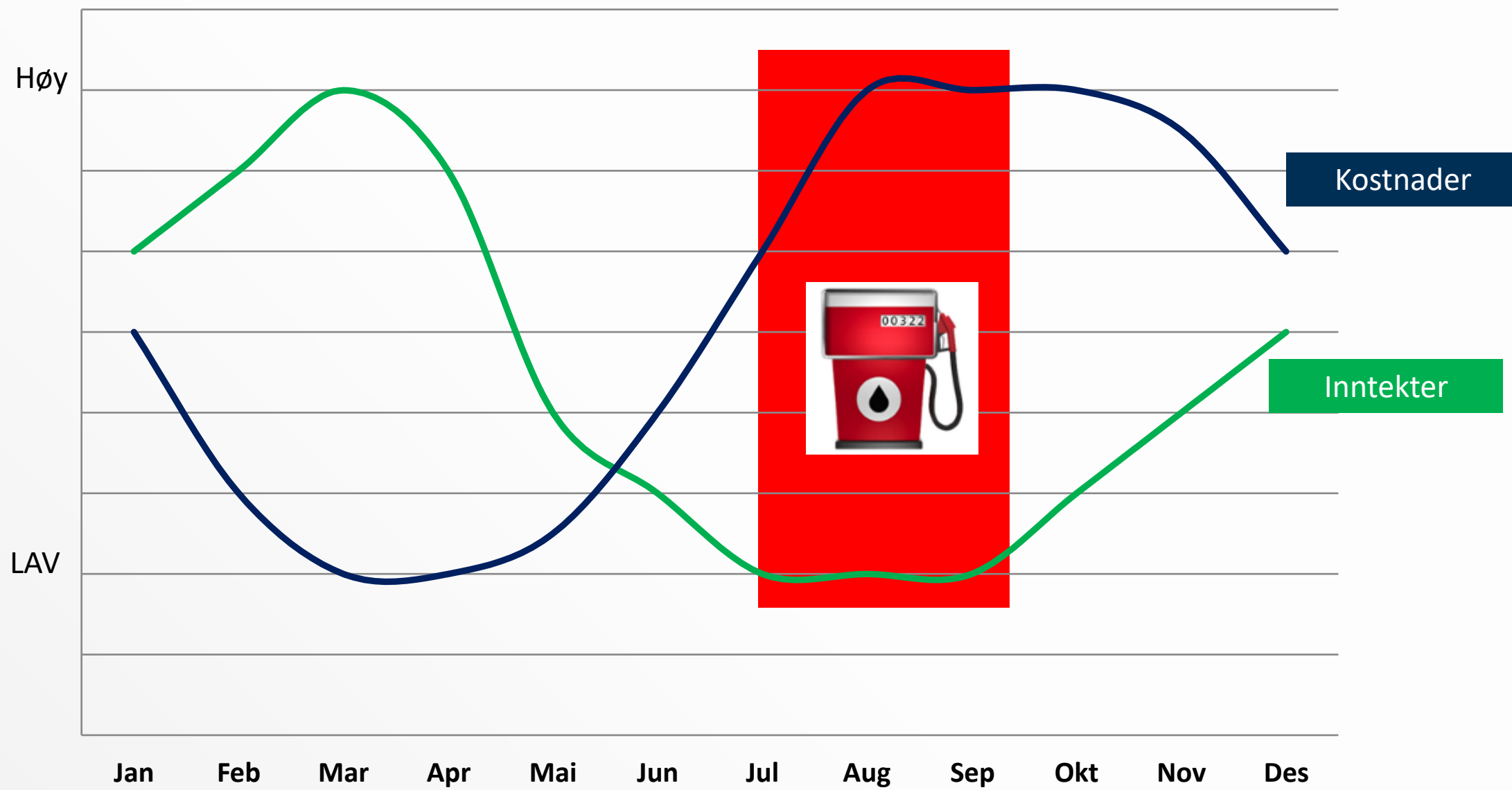


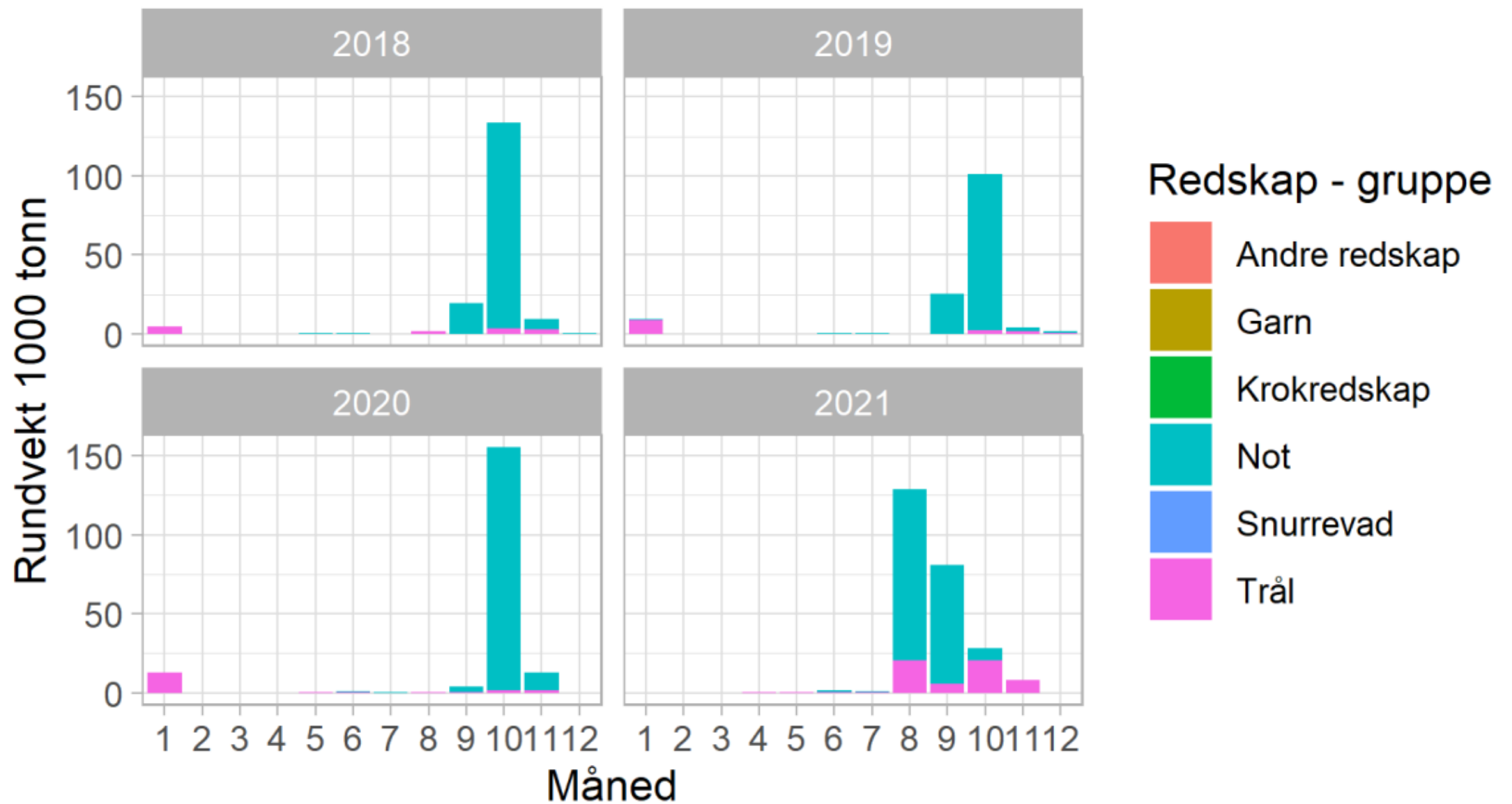
Figur 1 Kystflåten's landinger av torsk per uke. Kvantum i 1000 tonn rund vekt i tonn (Kilde: Fiskeridirektoratet)









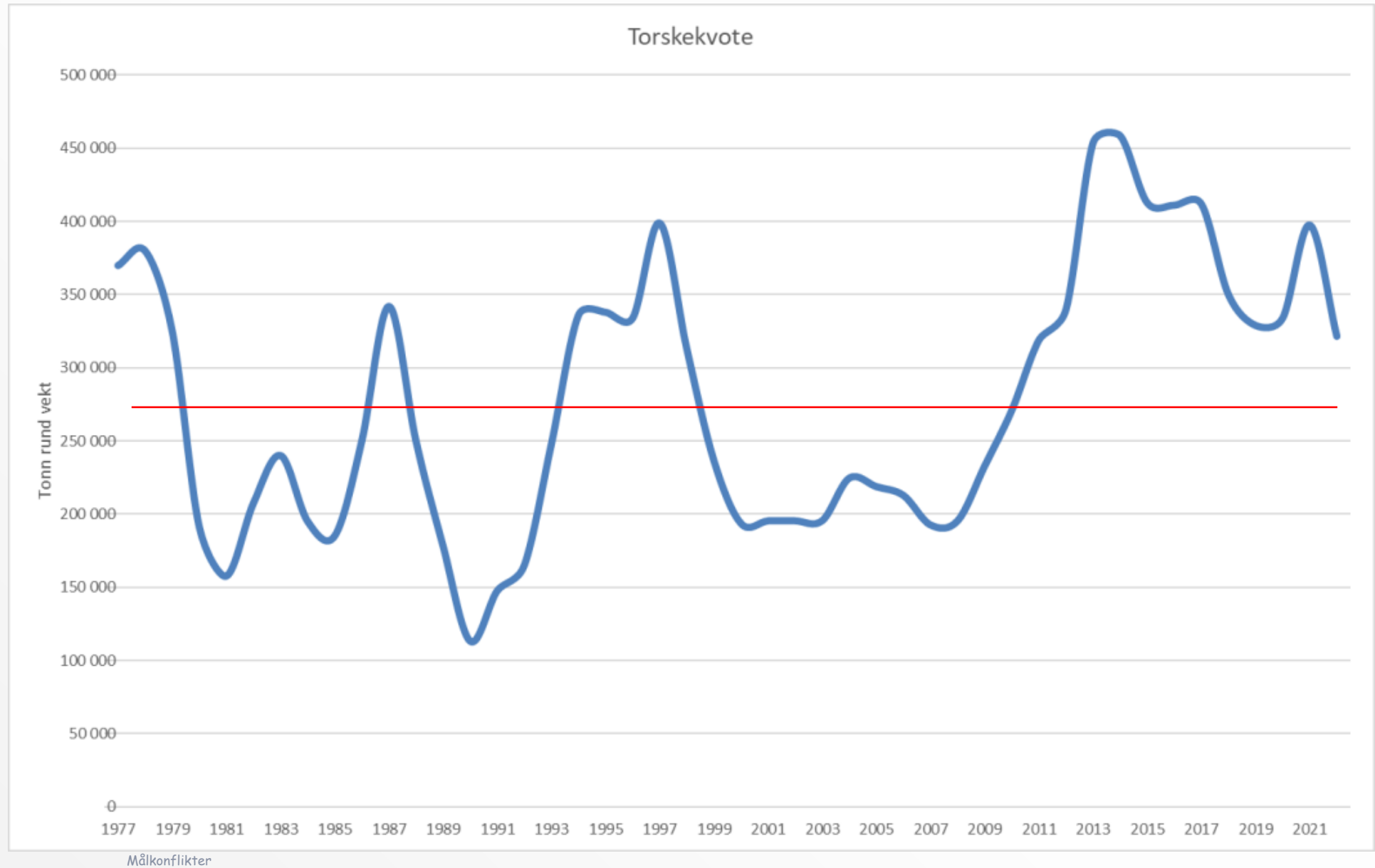


Dårlig kvalitet er sløsing med verdi og energi

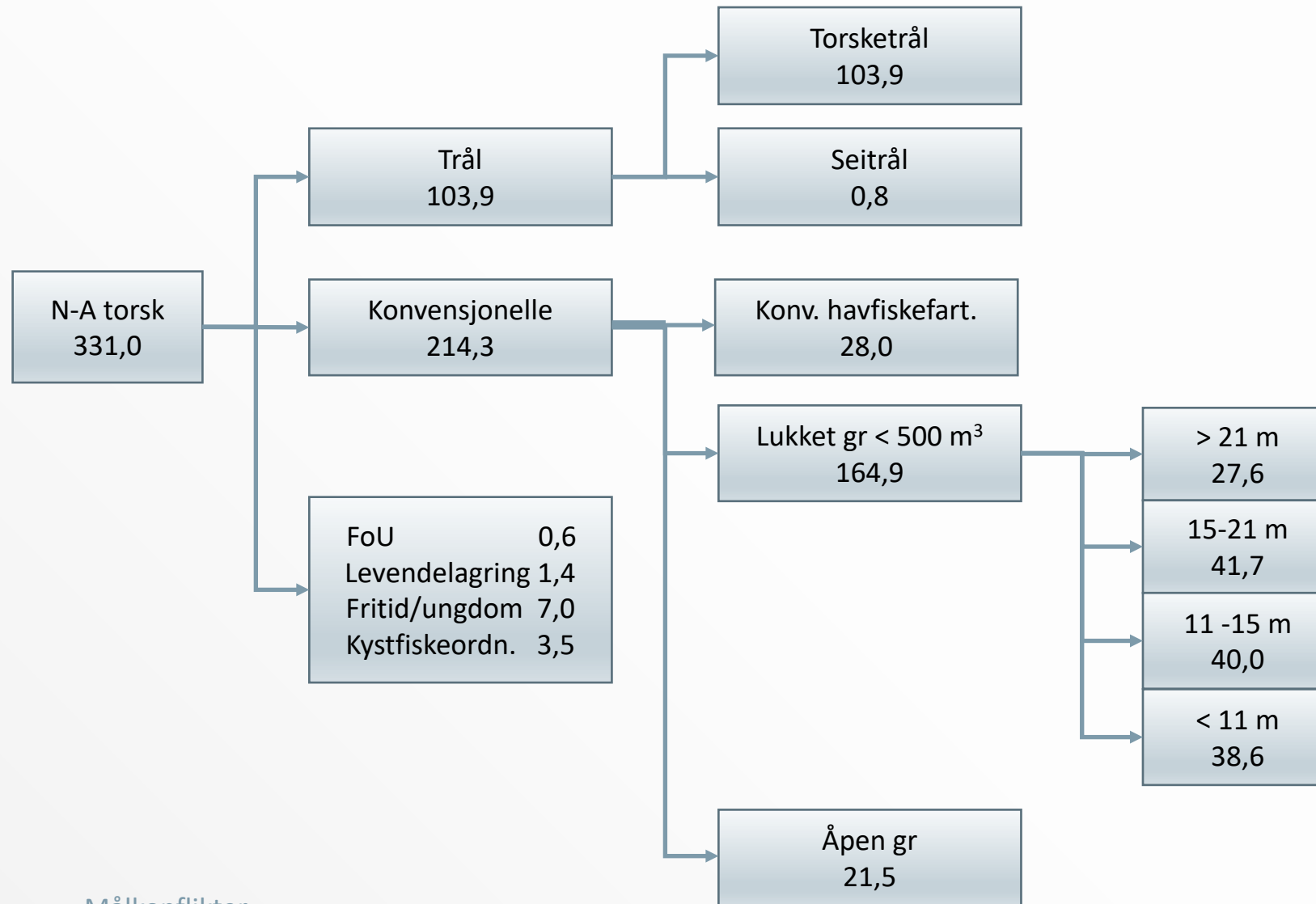


Målkonflikter

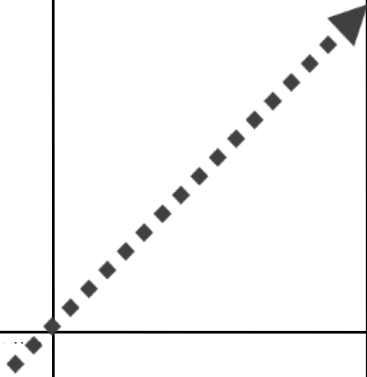
Stor biomasse – økt verdi og redusert energiforbruk

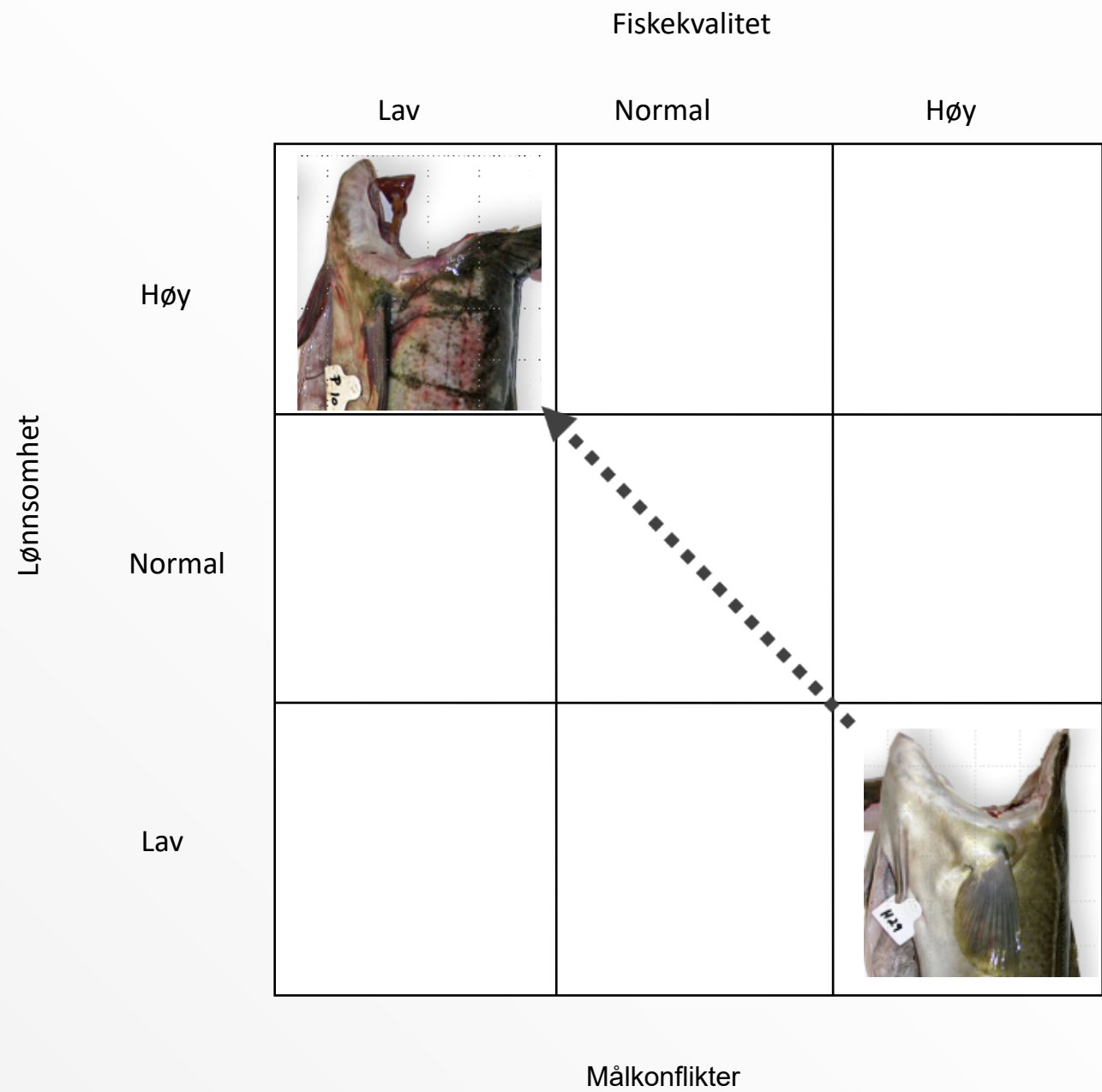


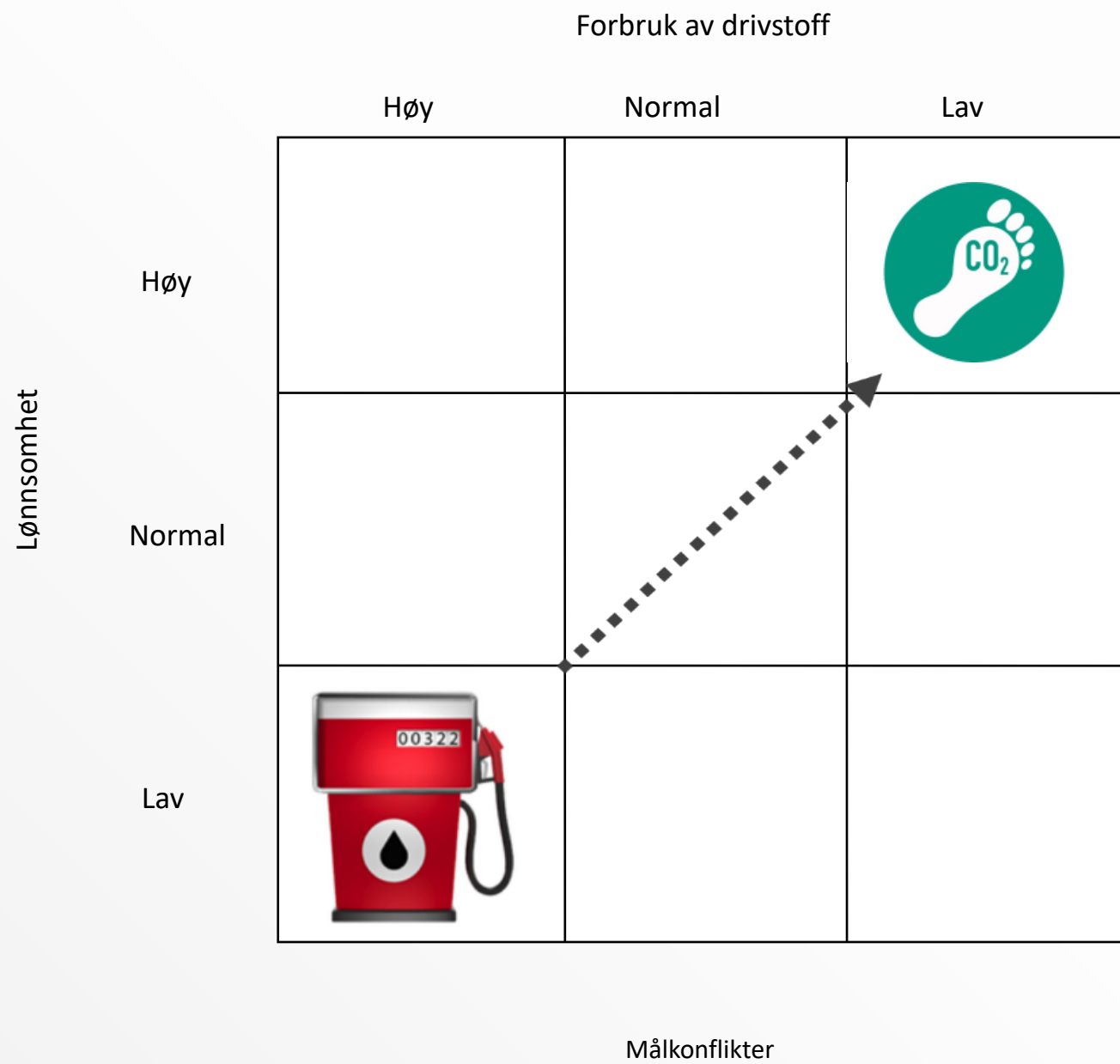
Kvotefordeling blir et viktig virkemiddel



Kan kvoteutveksling bidra ?

		Fiskekvalitet		
		Lav	Normal	Høy
Lønnsomhet	Høy			
	Normal			
	Lav			





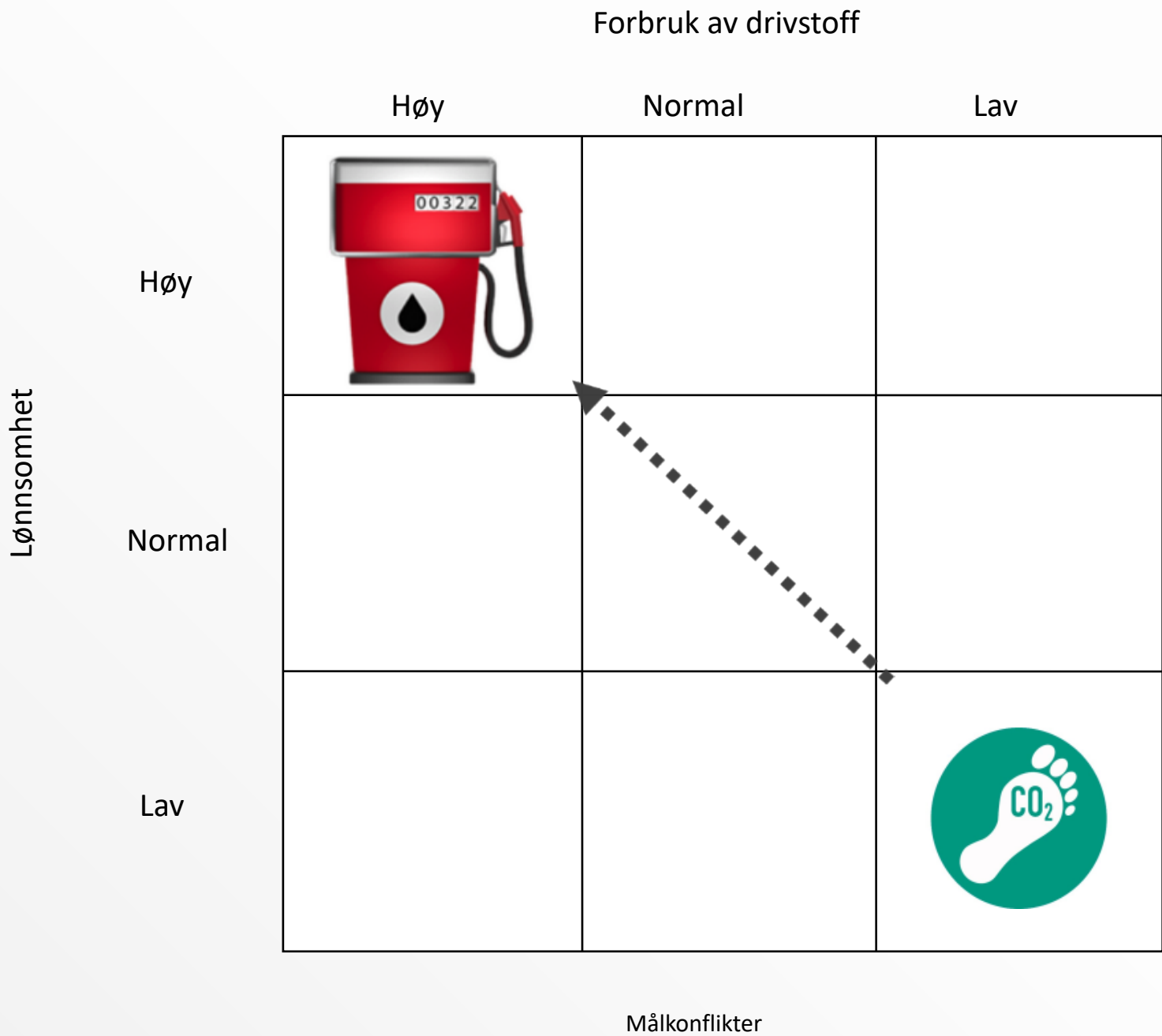




Foto: Jørgen Ree Wiig / Fiskeridirektoratet



Takk for oppmerksomheten!